

# ANSWERS

3/1/11

$$1. \frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$(\cos x \cos y) \pi - (\sin x \sin y) \frac{1}{2\pi t}$$

$$2. \frac{1}{y} e^{x/y} \cdot 1 - \frac{x}{y^2} e^{x/y} \cdot 2$$

$$3. 8xy \cdot \cos t - (4x^2 - 10y) \cdot \sin t$$

$$4. \left( \frac{1}{y} + y \right) e^t + \left( -\frac{x}{y^2} + x \right) \frac{1}{t}$$

$$5. \frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = (2x + y) 1 + (x + 2y) s$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = (2x + y) 1 + (x + 2y) t$$

$$6. \frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = (e^r \cos \theta) s - (e^r \sin \theta) \frac{2t}{2\sqrt{s^2+t^2}}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = (e^r \cos \theta) t - (e^r \sin \theta) \left( \frac{2s}{2\sqrt{s^2+t^2}} \right)$$

$$7. \frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = (\cos \alpha \tan \beta) 1 + (\sin \alpha \sec^2 \beta) (-1)$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = (\cos \alpha \tan \beta) 3 + (\sin \alpha \sec^2 \beta) (1)$$

$$8. \frac{dz}{dt} = 3x^2 y e^t + (x^3 + \cos y) 3 \quad x = e^{\pi/4}, \quad y = \frac{3}{4}\pi$$

$$z' \left( \frac{\pi}{4} \right) = 3e^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} \cdot \frac{3}{4}\pi e^{\frac{\pi}{4}} + 3 \left( e^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} + \left( -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{9}{4}\pi e^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} + 3e^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$9. \frac{dz}{dt} = \sec^2(x+y) \cdot \frac{1}{t} + \sec^2(x+y) 2t \quad t=1, x=0, y=1$$

$$z'(1) = \sec^2(1)(1+2) = 3\sec^2(1)$$



$$10. \frac{dz}{dt} = (y x^{y-1})(\cos t) + (\ln x)(x^y)(2) \quad \begin{aligned} t &= 4 \\ x &= \sin 4 \\ y &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$z'(4) = 8 \sin^7 4 \cdot \cos 4 + 2\ln(\sin 4) \cdot \sin^8 4$$

$$11. \nabla f = \langle 5y^2 - 12x^2y, 10xy - 4x^3 \rangle = \langle 20-24, 20-4 \rangle = \langle -4, 16 \rangle$$

$$D_u f = \frac{-20}{13} + \frac{(12)(16)}{13} = \frac{172}{13}$$

$$12. \nabla f = \langle \frac{y}{x}, \ln x \rangle = \langle -3, 0 \rangle$$

$$D_u f = \frac{12}{5}$$

$$13. \nabla f = \langle e^{2yz}, 2xz e^{2yz}, 2xye^{2yz} \rangle = \langle 1, 12, 0 \rangle$$

$$D_u f = \frac{2}{3} - \frac{24}{3} = -\frac{22}{3}$$

$$14. \hat{v} = \left\langle \frac{4}{5}, -\frac{3}{5} \right\rangle, \nabla f = \left\langle 2\sqrt{y}, \frac{2x}{2\sqrt{y}} \right\rangle = \left\langle 4, \frac{3}{2} \right\rangle$$

$$D_{\hat{v}} f = \frac{16}{5} - \frac{9}{10} = \frac{23}{10}$$

$$15. \hat{v} = \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right\rangle, \nabla f = \langle 2xe^y, x^2e^y \rangle = \langle 4, 4 \rangle$$

$$D_{\hat{v}} f = \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} = 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$16. \hat{v} = \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{14}}, \frac{3}{\sqrt{14}} \right\rangle, \nabla f = \left\langle \frac{1}{y+z}, -\frac{x}{(y+z)^2}, -\frac{x}{(y+z)^2} \right\rangle = \left\langle \frac{1}{2}, -1, -1 \right\rangle$$

$$D_{\hat{v}} f = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\sqrt{14}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{14}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{14}} = -\frac{9}{2\sqrt{14}}$$