

**Quiz #7; Wed, 3/9/2016**

**Math 53 with Prof. Stankova**

**Section 110; MWF12-1**

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**Student Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

*Problem.* Find three positive numbers whose *product* is 27 and whose *sum* is a *minimum*. (12 points for finding the numbers that *locally* minimize the sum; 3 points for justifying that it is indeed a global minimum).

*Solution.* We are looking at  $x, y, z > 0$  such that  $xyz = 27$ , and minimizing  $x + y + z$ . Let  $f(x, y) = x + y + 27/xy$ . We are minimizing  $f$  in the domain  $x, y > 0$ . We compute that  $\nabla f = \langle 1 - \frac{27}{x^2y}, 1 - \frac{27}{xy^2} \rangle$  so that the critical point is  $x = y = 3$ . Second derivative test confirms that it is indeed a local minimum. To see that this is indeed a global minimum, note that if  $x > 3$  and  $y > 3$  then  $f_x > 0$  and  $f_y > 0$ , so  $f$  increases as  $x, y$  increase outside the region  $D = \{0 < x \leq 3, 0 < y \leq 3\}$ . In  $D$ , along the boundary  $x = 3$  or  $y = 3$ , the minimum is achieved at  $(3, 3)$  again, so that the absolute minimum is indeed  $(x, y, z) = (3, 3, 3)$ .