

21-484 Graph Theory  
Assignment # 5  
Due: Friday, March 14

1. Prove the following version of the max-flow/min-cut theorem.

Let  $D = (V, A)$  be a digraph and let  $S, T \subset V$  be disjoint sets of sources and sinks. Let  $c : A \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  give capacities on the arcs in  $D$  and consider flows  $f : A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$  with the property that  $f^+(v) = f^-(v)$  for all  $v \in V \setminus (S \cup T)$ . The value  $v(f)$  of such a flow is the net flow out of the source vertices, which equals the net flow into the sink vertices. We have

$$\max_{\text{flows } f} v(f) = \min_{S \subseteq X \subseteq V \setminus T} c(X, \overline{X}).$$

2. Prove the following version of Menger's Theorem using the max-flow min-cut theorem we proved in class.

**Menger's Theorem, local vertex version.** Let  $G = (V, E)$  be a graph. If  $u$  and  $v$  are distinct nonadjacent vertices of  $G$ , then the minimum number of vertices in a set  $X$  that does not contain  $u, v$  and separates  $u$  from  $v$  is equal to the maximum number of independent paths from  $u$  to  $v$ .

3. Suppose that a graph  $G$  is a union of  $k$  trees. Prove that  $\chi(G) \leq 2k$ .
4. Suppose that a graph  $G$  has the property that every pair of odd cycles has a vertex in common. Prove that  $\chi(G) \leq 5$ .
5. Recall that the clique number  $\omega(G)$  is the maximum number of vertices in a complete subgraph of  $G$  while the independence number  $\alpha(G)$  is the maximum number of vertices in an independent set in  $G$ . Use these parameters to prove

$$\chi(G) + \chi(\overline{G}) \geq 2\sqrt{n}$$

for any graph  $G$  on  $n$  vertices.

6. Prove that for any graph  $G$  on  $n$  vertices we have

$$\chi(G) + \chi(\overline{G}) \leq n + 1.$$

*Hint.* Consider an ordering  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$  of the vertices such that  $d(x_i) \geq d(x_{i+1})$  for  $i = 1, \dots, n - 1$  and color in this order.