## Quiz #2

1. In this problem, the function p(x) will always refer to the function defined by the formula:

$$p(x) = \frac{k \cdot x}{x + k},$$

where the letter k refers to a fixed, constant number.

- **NOTE:** In this problem you **SHOULD** SIMPLIFY YOUR ANSWERS as much as possible.
- (a) (1 point) Evaluate: p(k).

**(b) (1 point)** Evaluate:  $p(\frac{1}{k})$ .

(c) (1 point) What is the DOMAIN of the function p(x)?

2. In this problem, the functions f(x) and g(x) will always refer to the functions defined by the formulas:

$$f(x) = -(x-1)(x-7)$$
 and  $g(x) = 1 + \sqrt{x+7}$ .

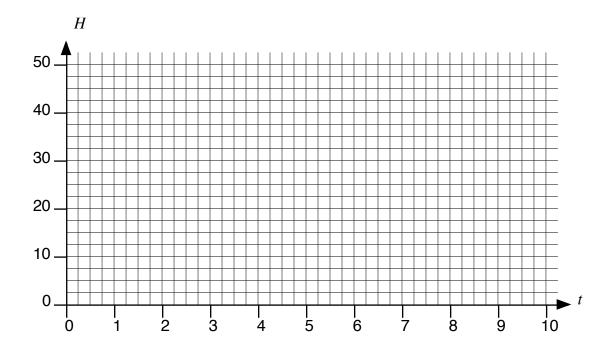
The domain of f(x) consists of all numbers and the domain of g(x) consists of all numbers greater than or equal to -7.

(a) (1 point) Write down a formula for the composite function f(g(x)).

(b) (1 point) Write down a formula for the composite function g(f(x)).

- At noon, a fly lands on the end of the blade of a windmill just as this blade points straight up. The fly sits and rides the windmill blade for three revolutions. Suppose that the windmill is turning at a rate of 30 revolutions per hour, each blade of the windmill is 12 feet long and the tip of the blade clears the ground by 25 feet.
- (a) (1 point) How high is the fly above the ground at noon?

(b) (2 points) Use the axes provided below to draw a graph showing the height, H, of the fly above the ground t minutes after noon.



(c) (2 points) Write down a formula for H(t), the height of the fly above the ground t minutes after noon.